



FD-309

M.A./M.Sc. 1st Semester
Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

MATHEMATICS

Paper - I

Advanced Abstract Algebra - I

Time : Three Hours] [*Maximum Marks* : 80

Note : Answer any **two** parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Prove that any two composition series of a finite group are equivalent.
- (b) Prove that every subgroup of a solvable group is solvable.
- (c) If G be a nilpotent group, then prove that every subgroup of G and every homomorphic image of G are nilpotent.

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(Turn Over)

(2)

2. (a) Let $F \leq E \leq K$ be fields. If K is a finite extension of E and E is a finite extension of F , then prove that K is a finite extension of F and

$$[K : F] = [K : E][E : F].$$

- (b) Prove that, a polynomial of degree n over a field can have at the most n roots in any extension field.
- (c) Prove that, let F be a field. Then there exists an algebraically closed field K containing F as a subfield .
3. (a) Find the degree of splitting field $x^5 - 3x^3 + x^2 - 3$ over Q .
- (b) Prove that, the prime field of a field F is either isomorphic to Q or to $\mathbb{Z}/(p)$, p is prime.
- (c) If α, β be the algebraic elements over a field F of characteristic zero, then prove that $F(\alpha, \beta)$ is a simple extension of F .
4. (a) Prove that, the set $\text{Aut}(K)$ of all automorphisms of a field K form a group under composition of mappings.
- (b) State and prove fundamental theorem of Galois theory.
- (c) Find the Galois group of $x^3 - 2 \in Q[x]$.

(3)

5. (a) Prove that, any quartic over F is solvable by radicals.
- (b) Show that the polynomial $2x^5 - 5x^4 + 5$ is not solvable by radicals.
- (c) Let E be the splitting field of $x^n - a \in F(x)$. Then prove that $G(E/F)$ is a solvable group.
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