



FD-613

M.A/M.Sc. 3rd Semester
Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

MATHEMATICS

Paper - II

Partial Differential Equations
and Mechanics - I

Time : Three Hours] [*Maximum Marks* : 80

Note : Answer any **two** parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. (a) Solve the partial differential equation
 $p + r + s = 1$

(b) If ϕ is harmonic function in R_1 and

$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} = 0$ on R_2 , then ϕ is a constant in

\bar{R} .

DRG_92_(4)

(Turn Over)

(2)

- (c) Find the Green's function for the Dirichlet problem on the rectangle $R_1 : 0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq b$, described by the PDE.

$$(\Delta^2 + \lambda)u = 0 \text{ in } R_1$$

and the BC, $u = 0$ on R_2

Unit-II

2. (a) State and prove Mean value theorem for Harmonic function.
- (b) Derive the one dimensional wave equation.
- (c) Obtain the solution of the heat flow

equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ by the method of separation of variables.

Unit-III

3. (a) State and prove Lagrange's equation of first kind.
- (b) Derive the Hamilton canonical equations.
- (c) Derive Ruth's equation.

(3)

Unit-IV

4. (a) Define Poisson bracket. If $[\phi, \psi]$ be the Poisson bracket of ϕ and ψ , then prove that :

$$(i) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t}[\phi, \psi] = \left[\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t}, \psi \right] + \left[\phi, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{d}{dt}[\phi, \psi] = \left[\frac{d\phi}{dt}, \psi \right] + \left[\phi, \frac{d\psi}{dt} \right]$$

- (b) Find a curve joining two points along with a particle falling from rest under the influence of gravity travels from higher to the lower point in the minimum time.
- (c) Show that the transformation :

$$P = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2), \quad Q = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)$$

is canonical.

Unit-V

5. (a) Find the attraction of thin spherical shell of mean M and radius a .

(4)

- (b) Show that the potential of a uniform spherical shell, of small thickness k , density ρ and radius a at an external point-distant c from the centre is

$$\frac{2\pi\gamma k\rho a}{(n+1)(n+3)c} \left[(c+a)^{n+2} - (c-a)^{n+3} \right]$$

- (c) State and prove Gauss' theorem.
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